

AL-FARABI KAZAKH
NATIONAL UNIVERSITY



INFORMATION
about publication activity
LAW DEPARTMENT

№	Наименование публикации	Выходные данные (doi статьи)	Аннотация статьи	Ссылка для цитирования (Ф.И.О., название статьи, название, номер и/или выпуск, том журнала, страницы, doi статьи)
1.	Social and legal aspects of the educational support of adolescents with deviant behavior	DOI: -	The purpose of the study is to consider the problem of the organization of working with adolescents with deviant behavior through the development and implementation of their psychological and pedagogical support based on student-centered and system approaches. Holistic application of components of psychological and pedagogical support (diagnostic, developmental and correctional) we consider as an open system that interacts with the social environment. The authors determine that modern models of deviant behavior correlation ought to focus on creating the conditions that allow the child to build their own system of relations with the world, other	Tolegen, M.A., Seriev, B.A., Akhatov, U.A., Taubayev, B.R., Balashov, T.T. International Journal of Environmental and Science Education 11(11), - p.4768-4781 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85011851619&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Social+and+legal+aspects+of+the+educational+support+of+adolescents+with+deviant+behavior&sid=8102af7bcd739903e6c2ad41b54b7d2&st2=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Social+and+legal+aspects+of+the+educational+support+of+adolescents+with+deviant+behavior%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=1&searchTerm=

			<p>people, himself and independently to overcome difficulties; moreover, they should include reflexive and analytical approach to the process and the result of psychological and pedagogical support. Experienced and experimental work on the implementation of psychological and pedagogical support of adolescents with deviant behavior in secondary school allowed us to make a conclusion about the effectiveness of using a specially designed program of psychological and pedagogical support of adolescent with deviant behavior with a view to its correction.</p>	
2.	State property management in the Republic of Kazakhstan	DOI: 10.14505/jarle.v7.5(19).26	<p>The relevance of the study is caused by necessity to provide legal analysis in the issues of increasing the efficiency of state property management, further development of national companies, national holdings and other new corporate government agencies engaged in public administration in the management of state property. Low efficiency of the administration of management process in this area; fragmentation of levels and branches of government, lack of clearly defined objectives of the state property; poor performance of state property management monitoring; lack of transparency in management procedures; together served as the basis for determining the direction of research, its nature, specificity, structure and methods of research. Thereby, this article determines the control mechanism by the state property; the study presents formation and the main trends of legislative</p>	<p>Taitorina, B.A., Zharbolova, A.Z., Zhapakov, S.M., (...), Karasheva, Z.T., Buribayev, Y.A. Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 7(5), - p.1187-1192 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85007302502&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=State+property+management+in+the+Republic+of+Kazakhstan&sid=7111dd0fef0af71401d88b8ad6379dd4&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=70&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28State+property+management+in+the+Republic+of+Kazakhstan%29&relpos=8&citeCnt=1&searchTerm=</p>

			<p>regulation of state property as a control object; examines the legal characteristics of the phenomenon of state property and the nature and value of the state assets management as well; substantiates the systemic nature of state property management, consisting of two main elements -governmental and corporate structures activities in state property control; presents the analysis of legal framework in the area of administrative mechanisms of state property realization; investigates the issues of increasing efficiency of legal support of administrative relations dynamics which are the subject of the state assets. The major methods in the study of this problem are dialectical, logical, legal, social and legal, comparative legal and system-structural which allow to consider the problems of state property management comprehensively. The study formulated the following conclusions and recommendations: the main parameters of a legal mechanism to ensure control of state property; the main trends in the evolution of legislative support of state property management are defined; the controlling system of state authorities in state property management is defined, set it functioning modern trends, the modern trends of its functioning are defined. The role of local authorities in the mechanism of state property management is reviewed. The corporate state property management system is revealed, its subjects are defined, their organizational and</p>	
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			<p>legal forms of activity are investigated, the principles of their activity on state property management are summarized. The authorities of administration activities in state property management are systematized, the constitutional foundations of their interaction are determined. The problems of legal ensuring the effective of state assets management are revealed, the recommendations for law-making activities in this area are given. The identified as a result of the study main parameters of legal control mechanism in ensuring public property management address issues of legal support in providing effective management in the legislative process in this area.</p>	
3.	Problems in prevention of suicidal behavior of prisoners	DOI: 10.14505/jarle.v7.1(15).10	<p>Suicide of convicts, their suicidal behavior counteracts implementation of the objectives of the penal system, primary of which are the protection of rights and legitimate interests of persons sentenced to imprisonment, maintenance of security, and provision of assistance in social adaptation. Therefore, a deep examination of the problems related to the prevention of suicides of prisoners and the prevention of their suicidal behavior is considered of great importance. The article analyzes the phenomenon of suicide, its nature, substance, essence; types of suicidal behavior and personality traits of prisoners who committed suicide in places of detention; recommendations on the improvement of organizational and legal measures to prevent</p>	<p>Dzhansarayeva, R.Y., Nurmaganbet, Y.T., Zhanibekov, A.K., Turgumbayev, M.Y., Nabiyeu, A.A. Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 7(4), - p.781-787 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85014447755&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Problems+in+prevention+of+suicidal+behavior+of+prisoners&sid=c3e9924f4dff0db0e025ff61c9beb672&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=71&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Problems+in+prevention+of+suicidal+behavior+of+prisoners%29&relpos=3&citeCnt=1&searchTerm=</p>

			suicide among persons sentenced to deprivation of liberty are being put forth.	
4.	Basic concepts and categories of penitentiary security	DOI: 10.14505/jarle.v7.4(18).08	Provision of security of individuals, society implemented without the legal regulation of security threats and neutralize existing ones. According to the functions are of great importance in terms of security belongs to public authorities, ensuring legal and social, and most importantly - via government activity and state bodies. Current situation in the framework of development and integration of the emergence of new threats. In this regard, there are arising external and internal, real and potential security situation. Penitentiary security, on the one hand, is the penitentiary system, on the other hand, is the hazards beyond the borders of a penitentiary system, internal prison security or caused by factors and the legitimate penitentiary process within the system, illegal with harmful activity coming out of the system.	Dzhansarayeva, R.Y., Akbolatova, M.Y., Kanayeva, A.G., Abdilda, D.A., Turgumbayev, M.Y. Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 7(4), special issue, p.765-771 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85014488843&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Basic+concepts+and+categories+of+penitentiary+security&sid=83e6e0d12534b78449216c40b20c6200&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=69&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Basic+concepts+and+categories+of+penitentiary+security%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=2&searchTerm=
5.	International legal aspects of the environment protection in modern conditions	DOI: 10.14505/jarle.v7.6(20).34	The international legal system, the basis of every international law are specific guidelines to the industry. As a 'support structure' of each industry are the basic principles of international law, but each branch of international law, and has its branch principles. The need for comprehensive application of the rules of international environmental and international economic law specifies the relationship and interaction of the special principles of these two branches of international law, which are considered in this section of the dissertation research. The appearance of the principles of international law 'gave international law a completely new	Umbetbayeva, Z.B., Akhatov, U.A., Kuandykov, B.Z., Umbetov, M.N., Kalkashev, N.B. Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 7(6), - p.1528-1538 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85018325344&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=International+legal+aspects+of+the+environment+protection+in+modern+conditions&sid=b1c4f3b9f5c7eda9b89750d003c6ffba&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=93&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28International+legal+aspects+of+the+environment+protection+in+modern+conditions%29&relpos=2&citeCnt=5&searchTerm=

			<p>quality-right forces has given way to the force of law.' In the science of international law, there are several approaches to the classification of the principles of international law. Russian science has traditionally allocates the basic (common) principles of international law and the specific principles of international law. Today, the development of the principles of international law affect global problems, most of which have economic and environmental dimension. Nature is not a free application to the economy; it has its own value. Final Act of the CSCE in 1975, provides that States Parties undertake to promote the progressive development, codification and implementation of international law as a means of preservation and improvement of the human environment, including principles and practices that have been adopted by them with regard to combating pollution and other damage to the the environment, arising from activities undertaken within their jurisdiction or control and influence other countries and areas. The principles complement each other, and the application of the principle of due to the use of others. The content of the universally recognized principles of international law is specified in the specific principles of the relevant branches of international law. Since general international law, in addition to the principles underlying its entire system of norms, includes such principles are based on the first, form the basis of the relevant</p>	
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			<p>international law sector. It should be noted that the system of special principles of international environmental law is in the making. International instruments contain various lists of principles of international environmental law, the same can be said about the international legal doctrine. In particular, many States have recognized principles of international environmental law legally binding. The principles of international environmental law are reflected in international treaties, acts of international organizations, State practice and rules of soft law. is potentially applicable to all members of the international community.</p>	
6.	Value of international legal acts in relation to the criminal legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan	DOI: 10.14505/iarle.v7.4(18).16	<p>The article with the provisions of the criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan studied various kinds of international legal instruments and their legal norms and the use in the course of the preliminary investigation and the judicial proceedings. Identified gaps of criminal procedure regulations and the ways of implementation of the norms of international legal acts, including treaties of Kazakhstan, subject to the provisions of the criminal procedure law and other legal acts. The author's position on the Application of Standards intercity rights in the criminal procedure of the Republic of Kazakhstan. Proposals for improving the criminal procedural legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan in connection with the implementation of international legal norms.</p>	<p>Konysbai, B.M., Kuanaliyeva, G.A., Tursynkulova, D.A. Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 7(4), - p.842-850 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85019933538&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Value+of+international+legal+acts+in+relation+to+the+criminal+legislation+of+the+Republic+of+Kazakhstan&sid=db6fe991417bf06756e077d5c3427d0f&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=118&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Value+of+international+legal+acts+in+relation+to+the+criminal+legislation+of+the+Republic+of+Kazakhstan%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=1&searchTerm=</p>

			<p>The theoretical value of this work is to justify the need to include in the system of sources of criminal procedural law of the Republic of Kazakhstan recognized principles and norms of international law, the international treaties of the Republic of Kazakhstan, as well as in determining the forms of implementation of international legal norms. In the article for the first time subjected to scientific analysis of some questions to fully understand the content, significance and use in criminal proceedings of various legal force and legal value of international acts. The paper thoroughly discussed the issues of interaction of international and criminal procedural law, learn the basic set of problems arising in the implementation of this interaction. The studies contribute to defining areas for further theoretical development and improvement of practical activities to do on the basis of research findings can be used to further develop the regulatory framework for international cooperation of investigation bodies and courts of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p>	
7.	Some problems of determination of 'economic crime' concept	DOI: 10.14505/jarle.v8.7(29).05	This article represents result of the complex research conducted by authors of such social and legal phenomenon as economic crime. At the present stage of development of the world community economic crimes evolve, their new types, commission methods appear. These facts cannot but cause concerns. Due to the tendencies observed in underworld, more and	Bissengali L., Dzhansarayeva R.Y., Lopashenko N.A., Sharipova A.B., Mukhamadiyeva G.N. Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 8(7), - p.2094-2102 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85049665439&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Some+problems+of+determinati

			<p>more sharp and actual is the question of effective fight against them that, in turn, is impossible without detailed and comprehensive investigation of the category like 'economic crime'. In this article views of different academic lawyers concerning the issue of reference of specific criminal actions to category of the economic are given. On the basis of researching of these works authors made own conclusions concerning the term 'economic crime'</p>	<p>on+of+%ca%bdeconomic+crime%ca%bd+concept&sid=00a99237b2bac40ca82e1874a5f35449&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=73&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Some+problems+of+determination+of+%ca%bdeconomic+crime%ca%bd+concept%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=1&searchTerm=</p>
8.	Problems and prospects for improving the activities of the constitutional control body on court appeals	DOI: -	<p>At the stage of state of law formation, the priority task for the country is to determine its constitutional control, which will help balance the needs of the population and the state as a whole. Therefore, the topic is relevant. The purpose of the article is to study the problems and prospects for improving the activity of the constitutional control body on court appeals in the Republic of Kazakhstan and foreign countries. To achieve this goal, the authors used general theoretical and specific scientific methods of research. Given the fact that every independent country is free to formulate its state policy, there is a historical practice of determining its own constitutional control, which differs from other countries. Many factors influence this, in particular, the level of the country's economic development, its place in the arena of international and legal relations. Based on the analysis, the author draws the conclusion that it is the introduction of an individual appeal against the</p>	<p>Dossayeva,A.A., Usseinova,G.R., Baimakhanova, D.M., Akhatov, U.A. Journal of Legal, Ethical and Regulatory Issues 20(2) https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85040716394&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Problems+and+prospects+for+improving+the+activities+of+the+constitutional+control+body+on+court+appeals&sid=b13f974f81dbdd19734a4941bf5e80a9&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=118&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Problems+and+prospects+for+improving+the+activities+of+the+constitutional+control+body+on+court+appeals%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=1&searchTerm=</p>

			unconstitutionality of a legal norm or legal act by each citizen directly, that will promote the realization of the rights and freedoms of citizens secured and guaranteed by the Constitution	
9.	Problems of harmonization of legislation of Kazakhstan and China in the conditions of the WTO	DOI: -	The purpose of this article is to consider the problems of harmonizing the laws of Kazakhstan and China in the conditions of the World Trade Organization rules (WTO). For this, the author used general theoretical and specific scientific methods of investigation. As a result of the analysis, the author argues that the principles that are determined by multilateral agreements of the WTO member countries will be met by each new member when reforming the national trading system and its legal regulation. Actions of participants should correspond to all complexes of the WTO agreements regulating legal relations of its participants. In turn, in case of the relevant agreements' conclusion within the framework of the WTO, their expression is found in the state legislation of the participating country. This is, in fact, the final stage in the beginning of the WTO rules	Bekturova, A.G., Sharipov, S.M., Akhatov, U.A., Madaliyeva, A.A., Tursynkulova, D.A. Journal of Legal, Ethical and Regulatory Issues 20(2) https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85040713210&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Problems+of+harmonization+of+legislation+of+Kazakhstan+and+China+in+the+conditions+of+the+WTO&sid=74afdc0c54121cc6a9cfb94676160a3c&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=108&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Problems+of+harmonization+of+legislation+of+Kazakhstan+and+China+in+the+conditions+of+the+WTO%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=1&searchTerm=
10.	Legal significance of insurance of honor, dignity and business reputation from the position of civil law of the Republic of Kazakhstan and its	DOI: -	Today the protection of non-property rights, adjacent with property rights, have the highest relevance with progressively developing market for each territorial unit of the state with a social-democratic regime. After analyzing the components of such personal non-property rights we can come to the conclusion that the beginnings of these elements are expressed	Moldaliyeva, A., Bitemirov, K., Batyrbay, N., Duisenbayeva, G., Isabekov, A. International Journal of Applied Business and Economic Research 15(16), - p.343-355 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85028346815&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Legal+significance+of+insurance

	<p>place in the system of legal education</p>		<p>directly by the Constitution as the basic law. So honor, dignity and business reputation are the basics of complex non-property rights of every citizen in a social-democratic secular society in the state. Considering the nature of such non-property asset it is necessary to describe the notion of a private individual as a citizen possessing exceptional complex non-property rights with direct objects properties, expressed in material values. Honor, dignity and business reputation in accordance with the civil legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan in some way is associated with transaction, according to it any actions or inactions of individuals and entities who establish, change and terminate civil rights and obligations can be called transactions. So, considering the relationship with elements of honor, dignity and business reputation in terms of impact we also can assume the concept of the impact on the assets, expressed in infliction of emotional distress, as the deprivation or impairment of psychological state, expressed as anxiety, anger, resentment, discomfort and other unpleasant states and lost profits in the form in which the subject could make some money in the financial equivalent without oppression of honor, dignity and business reputation. Thus, the aim of this study is the analysis of the situations, in which we can hypothetically introduce protection of honor, dignity and business reputation as the object of insurance law. Accordingly, the results suggest a</p>	<p>+of+honor%2cdignity+and+business+reputation+from+the+position+of+civil+law+of+the+Republic+of+Kazakhstan+and+its+place+in+the+system+of+legal+education&sid=ec546a2be0ce2828a1fd1b2bf992d2e2&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=196&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Legal+significance+of+insurance+of+honor%2c+dignity+and+business+reputation+from+the+position+of+civil+law+of+the+Republic+of+Kazakhstan+and+its+place+in+the+system+of+legal+education%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>
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			comparison between the creation of innovative certificates of insurance or the application of protection contract for honor, dignity and business reputation.	
11.	Legal regulation of transboundary natural resources	DOI: -	The article examines aspects of the legal characterization and regulation of natural resources' treatment that are jointly owned or geographically located in two or more states. It is shown that political, social, sociological and economic prerequisites impose on the principles of such cooperation. Until now, the problem of joint management and use of natural resources and products of their processing remains unresolved. The work clearly shows how the regulation of transboundary natural resources takes place, and what should be included in this concept. The novelty of the work is in an aspect that shapes the notion of the availability of natural resources in globalization and cross-border trade. As a legal nature, it is proposed to create interstate commissions, as well as concessions, as the basis for the development of natural resources' joint use. In this work, the notion of natural resources has been expanded - to those authors include not only minerals in the traditional understanding of natural resources, but also general ecosystems. The leading direction in the development of the situation is interstate cooperation on the biosphere's conservation.	Altayeva, K.Z., Yergobek, S.K., Mynbatyrova, N.K., (...), Kuderin, I.K., Mashimbayeva, G.A. Journal of Environmental Accounting and Management 5(3), - p.243-253 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85028572733&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Legal+regulation+of+transboundary+natural+resources&sid=89aa3997cdcd34974171e96a020af159&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=66&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Legal+regulation+of+transboundary+natural+resources%29&relpos=5&citeCnt=3&searchTerm=
12.	Legal regulation of public access to	DOI: -	The paper studies the aspect of ensuring the equilibrium state of the environment. And one	Yerezhepkyzy, R., Karatayeva, A., Kuanalieva, G.A., Konysbai, B.M., Azhinurina, D.A.

	information in the field of environmental protection and use of natural resources		of the components of providing such a state is information about the state of the environment in question. The authors note that the aspects of such information's importance are fully disclosed. Its theoretical construct is defined, and an idea is formed about which sector the information of the ecological type is most relevant to a civil or a specialized ecological one. The subject of the study is information that relates to the ecological state of the natural environment, as well as to the human environment. Legal systems of the post-Soviet countries and the countries of North America are investigated.	Journal of Legal, Ethical and Regulatory Issues 20(2) https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85040723064&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Legal+regulation+of+public+access+to+information+in+the+field+of+environmental+protection+and+use+of+natural+resources&sid=d4742537dd67b4a509cba0d97e6f1198&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=133&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Legal+regulation+of+public+access+to+information+in+the+field+of+environmental+protection+and+use+of+natural+resources%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=3&searchTerm=
13.	Information - psychological security in multiconfessional society	DOI: -	The current state of ensuring Kazakhstan's national security requires the development of expert knowledge-based state policies and strategies in this realm, identification of the system of national values, the vital interests of individual, society and state, external and internal threats to these interests, as well as the search for effective measures to ensure security in all the realms. Information-psychological security as a component of Kazakhstan's national security plays an important role in effective provision of national security. The purpose of the article is to substantiate in theoretical terms information-psychological security through identification of the basic principles and mechanisms of information-psychological influence; to carry out the empirical study of particular features of stereotyping the Islamic	Malikova, Sh.B., Talantuly, N.E., Alimkulov, E.T., Zhanibekov, A.K., Bostanovna, Sh.A. European Journal of Science and Theology 14(1), pp. 83-92. https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85040234731&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Information+-psychological+security+in+multiconfessional+society&sid=036f469469b914bd6e11f2a1f8591a35&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=79&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Information+-psychological+security+in+multiconfessional+society%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=3&searchTerm=

			<p>issue in Russian-language mass media in the context of individual information-psychological security in multiconfessional society in Kazakhstan, and, finally, to suggest a package of measures to ensure individual information-psychological security. The article demonstrates the importance of understanding the mechanisms of information-psychological influence as well as psychological techniques for the subsequent provision of public and individual health security. The results of the conducted empirical research demonstrated that stereotyping of Islam in the Russian-language media as a method of information-psychological influence had such characteristics as institutionalisation, politicisation and desacralisation of the religion; distortion of its fundamental teachings; actualisation of prejudiced attitudes towards Muslims; all these factors negatively affect interconfessional relations in Kazakhstan.</p>	
14.	Liability for violations of land legislation	DOI: -	<p>The urgency of the problem. The experience of Kazakhstan on legal regulation and responsibility in the sphere of land relations, as well as the experience of the countries of the post-Soviet space, has its own peculiarities. It is not large and still requires transformation. Legal responsibility, namely, criminal, for land crimes in Kazakhstan and CIS countries is considered in this article. Based on the analysis of the land legislation of the Republic of</p>	<p>Tuyakbayeva, N.S., Jangabulova, A.K., Baimakhanova, D.M., Sartayev, S.A., Shansharbayeva, B.S. Journal of Legal, Ethical and Regulatory Issues 21(1) https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85045762089&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Liability+for+violations+of+land+legislation&sid=978b94bc7fc64eb55cb5681637</p>

			<p>Kazakhstan, the points of view of well-known scientists of land and legal science concluded that the allocation of special land-legal liability is groundless. Particular attention is due to the lack of a unified approach to the location, the rules on unauthorized occupation (seizure) of land or other manifestations of land rights violations. So, the purpose of this article is the experience of Kazakhstan and CIS countries in regulating responsibility for violation of land rights, as a result of which guidelines and recommendations for further improvement of criminal legislation in the context of land relations should be outlined. In the process of research, the directions for further improvement of the current criminal legislation were determined. At the same time, the differences in the construction of the objective side, the degree of public danger and social relations, which are infringed upon by the unauthorized occupation of the land plot, is determined by legal (and not only legal) features of the legal system of a particular country.</p>	<p>5871c2&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=59&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Liability+for+violations+of+land+legislation%29&relpos=3&citeCnt=2&searchTerm =</p>
<p>15.</p>	<p>State and legal framework for the social state formation and development</p>	<p>DOI: -</p>	<p>The purpose of this article is a comparative analysis of the state and legal foundations of the formation and development of a social state in the Republic of Kazakhstan. For this, the author used general theoretical and specific scientific methods of investigation. As a result of the research, the authors affirm that it is impossible to achieve absolute social justice by a social state. At the same time, the task of the</p>	<p>Issakhov, B.S., Akhatov, U.A., Mynbatyrova, N.K., Kussainov, D., Kussainova, A. Journal of Legal, Ethical and Regulatory Issues 21(1) https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85045735474&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f</p>

			<p>social state is the distribution of resources and benefits in such a way as to equalize the possible natural imbalance of economic benefits among different strata of the population through which to provide decent living conditions for each citizen and support the development of a market economy, in particular, by improving and expanding the production spheres, overcoming unemployment, increasing labour activity of citizens. Based on the analysis carried out by the authors, it was drawn the conclusion that the essence of the modern social state should not be manifested in the provision of targeted social benefits, subsidies and various social payments that in any case will not allow a person to live with dignity, but in creating the necessary conditions for the success of the state and all its members.</p>	
16.	<p>The role of the republic of Kazakhstan in international legal support of energy security</p>	<p>DOI: 10.14505/jemt.v9.7(31).10</p>	<p>The global energy security is the steady system of the legal, political and economic relations allowing to support effective functioning of a world power system. International legal problems on ensuring energy security effectively can be solved only by cooperation of the states in this sphere. For ensuring effective cooperation in the international energy security the states need to develop the general legal approaches for a long-term outlook which will promote the solution of such problems as reliable providing fuel with traditional types; diversification and safety of power supply; development of nuclear power;</p>	<p>Smagulova, D.S., Rakhmetov, Y.S., Smanova, A.B., Konysbai, B., Shansharbayeva, B. Journal of Environmental Management and Tourism 9(7) https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85064114112&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=The+role+of+the+republic+of+Kazakhstan+in+international+legal+support+of+energy+security&sid=70646d6185c1cf13c63d761e5889c020&st=b&sdt=b&sl=103&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28The+role+of+the+republic+of+Kazakhstan+in+international+legal+support+of+ener</p>

			<p>energy saving; search of breakthrough technologies and perspective environmentally friendly power sources. In the process of consideration of these issues the main international Agreements as well as the role of the Republic Kazakhstan in international legal support of energy security on the example of bilateral agreements with the leading States of the world community have been analyzed and investigated in this article. The creation of a global system energy security system will save the world from the conflicts generated by the struggle for energy security and will contribute to the international stability as a whole. The Republic of Kazakhstan as an active participant in global economic relations is interested in strengthening energy cooperation with all states on the principles of equal partnership and mutual benefit and contributing to the implementation of breakthrough international initiatives aimed at strengthening global energy security.</p>	<p>gy+security%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=2&searchTerm=</p>
17.	Harmonization of environmental legislation	DOI: -	<p>The relevance of the studied problem is caused by the necessity of assistance to favorable state of the environment and reasonable natural resources utilization that depend on a number of factors. So, the objective of the paper is not only study of the environmental legislative base, but also its interrelation in different countries. The key approach to study of this problem is concluded in finding the ways of harmonization and interconnection of environmental legislation in the world and in a</p>	<p>Akhatov, U.A., Bekturova, A.G., Madaliyeva, A.A., Sharipov, S.M., Tursynkulova, D.A. Journal of Legal, Ethical and Regulatory Issues 21(1) https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85045741690&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=tursynkulova&st2=&nlo=1&nlr=20&nls=count-f&sid=a16a005c88a4467663e80df97ccdfad2&sot=anl&sdt=aut&sl=41&s=AU-</p>

			particular country, because such cooperation allows sharing the experience with the developing countries in solution of environmental problems, thus supporting their environment and decreasing the impact on the world space	ID%28%22Tursynkulova%2c+Dinara%22+55944895000%29&relpos=1&citeCnt=1&searchTerm=
18.	Review on the outer space legislation: Problems and prospects	DOI: 10.1093/slr/hmx010	The relevance of this study is determined by the fact that in addition to the space and belonging of a part of the cosmos to a certain territory, there is also a question of responsibility and expansion of the used space as a sovereign territory. Accordingly, the issue of flights coordination and spacecraft ownership to the country or territory of use is important. We carried out the analysis of legislation on the understanding of the very essence of spacecraft belonging to a certain territory and on interactions between countries in the joint use and management of such apparatuses. We have revealed that this issue affects not only scientific aspects but also economic aspects (because of high costs of these devices) as well as ideological reasons for security and national sovereignty development. It is noted that the world has created a fairly broad reserve for integration of innovations into the overall structure of national economy, and the application of space technology will accelerate this growth. At the same time, the legal field regulators fully contribute to the adoption of regulatory and legal acts regarding the creation of an environment for the space industry	Apakhayev, N., Omarova, A.B., Kussainov, S., (...), Tlepina, S.V., Kala, N.S. Statute Law Review 39(3), - p.258-265 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85054715258&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=kuandykov&st2=&nlo=1&nlr=20&nls=count-f&sid=d11ede95970f4a4db2b9d7d582e3a975&sot=anl&sdt=aut&sl=56&s=AU-ID%28%22Kuandykov%2c+Bakhytzhana+Zhursunovitch%22+57194021642%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=6&searchTerm=

			development. It is shown that each country regulates its space law in accordance with its own tasks of scientific and technological development. It is determined that the space program is the driver of the development and structuring of the entire scientific and technical sector of the country's economy. It was revealed to be of the greatest interest because of technical possibility of improving and building space technology not only for national use but also at the commission of other states.	
19.	Exploring the potential association between gang membership and health outcomes in a longitudinal sample of youth and young adults.	DOI 10.1016/j.jcrimjus.2019.101629	Purpose: Health criminology is an emerging line of inquiry that has focused on the association between crime/criminality and health outcomes. The current study sought to add to this literature by examining the potential connection between gang membership and health problems and brain-based disorders. Methods: Data from the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent to Adult Health (Add Health) were analyzed. Results: The results revealed that gang membership was associated with only two (cancer and high blood pressure) of the potential 12 health problems and brain-based disorders. Additional analyses indicated that gang membership was related to a combined measure of health problems, but not to a combined measure of brain-based disorders or to a cumulative measure of health problems. Supplemental analysis also revealed that gang membership was associated with an increased odds of being shot or stabbed. Conclusions: Gang membership does not	Dzhansarayeva R., Malikova Sh., Atakhanaova G., Bisenova M., Kevin M.Beaver Journal of Criminal Justice.2020, 66,101629 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85071877288&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Exploring+the+potential+association+between+gang+membership+and+health+outcomes+in+a+longitudinal+sample+of+youth+and+young+adults.&sid=d74d2cff4cb1d0c4ec3e68059dc46a6f&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=146&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Exploring+the+potential+association+between+gang+membership+and+health+outcomes+in+a+longitudinal+sample+of+youth+and+young+adults.%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=1&searchTerm=

			appear to have sweeping negative effects on general health and brain-based disorders through young adulthood. We conclude by discussing the limitations of the study and directions for future research.	
20.	Examining the potential association between Immigration and Criminal Involvement Using a Nationally Representative and Longitudinal Sample of Youth	DOI: 10.1177/088626051988531	There has been a great deal of debate regarding the association between immigration and criminal involvement. Against this backdrop, this study sought to make an incremental increase to the literature by examining the nexus between immigration and crime. To do so, data were drawn from the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent to Adult Health (N = 7,622–8,334). The results of the multivariate regression models revealed no evidence that immigrants, in comparison with U.S. citizens, self-reported more involvement in nonviolent delinquency or violent delinquency. Where statistically significant effects did emerge, U.S. citizens reported greater involvement in these acts. Moreover, the analyses also did not provide any evidence that immigrants were more likely than U.S. citizens to report being arrested, pleading guilty, being sentenced to probation, or being incarcerated. Once again, U.S. citizens were significantly more likely to have contact with the criminal justice system when compared with immigrants. These results suggest that the potential link between immigration and crime is likely complex and is not a straightforward association. We conclude by discussing some	Dzhansarayeva R., Alimkulov Y., Shopabayev B., Tlepbergenov O. Kevin M. Beaver Journal of Interpersonal Violence. Forthcoming https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85077457032&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Examining+the+potential+association+between+Immigration+and+Criminal+Involvement+Using+a+Nationally+Representative+and+Longitudinal+Sample+of+Youth&sid=f75931388c52f03bd23269efd97e63e4&sot=b&sl=162&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Examining+the+potential+association+between+Immigration+and+Criminal+Involvement+Using+a+Nationally+Representative+and+Longitudinal+Sample+of+Youth%29&rels=0&citeCnt=2&searchTerm=

			of the implications of the findings and directions for future research	
21.	Sobre La Lucha Contra El Extremismo Y El Terrorismo En Kazajstan	DOI: -	The comparative and legal analysis of the criminal legislation as a method, gives the grounds to consider terrorism as the extreme form of extremist activity which is mainly realized in the political sphere and shown in violent acts. As a result, acts of terrorism and extremism can be made only with direct intention as the person in this situation realizes public danger of own actions, expects the possibility or inevitability of socially dangerous consequences and wishes their approach. In conclusion, it is important to define the ratio of the concepts terrorism, terrorist activity and terrorist act with the definition extremism.	Arstan Akhpanov, Aydarkan Skakov, Bakhytgul Sembekova, Aygul Madiyeva , Aydos Amirgaliyev Opcion 35(88), - p.53-74 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85068839464&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Sobre+La+Lucha+Contra+El+Extremismo+Y+El+Terrorismo+En+Kazajstan&sid=c37afa21f1a60953b1e65051a11e945d&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=79&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Sobre+La+Lucha+Contra+El+Extremismo+Y+El+Terrorismo+En+Kazajstan%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=
22.	International and legal aspects of citizenship on the basis of analysis of the legislation in Kazakhstan and Great Britain	DOI: 10.1504/IJPLAP.2019.097539	The purpose of this article is to examine the international legal aspects of citizenship on the basis of the laws of Kazakhstan and the UK analysis. The author used general theoretical and specific scientific investigation methods. Based on the analysis of Kazakhstan legislation, it was concluded that the methods of obtaining Kazakhstan's citizenship are: 1) by birth; 2) as a result of naturalisation; 3) on the basis of interstate contracts of Kazakhstan; 4) on the grounds provided by the Law of Kazakhstan 'on citizenship'. There are also ways to obtain UK citizenship under the British Nationality Act of 1981: 1) by birth; 2) by origin; 3) by naturalisation; 4) by registration. Also author concluded that	Otynshiyeva, A.A., Ibrayeva, A.S., Castellino, J., Baimakhanova, D.M., Baikenzheyev, A.S. International Journal of Public Law and Policy 6(2), - p.138-154 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85060777057&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=International+and+legal+aspects+of+citizenship+on+the+basis+of+analysis+of+the+legislation+in+Kazakhstan+and+Great+Britain&sid=6ad46a7c94d42bb82870d218c02a875e&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=137&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28International+and+legal+aspects+of+citizenship+on+the+basis+of+analysis+of+the+legislation+in+Kazakhstan+and+Great+Britain%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=2&searchTerm=

			bipatrism adversely affects the state and carries a large risk to the state, including the loss of independence and sovereignty.	
23.	Specifics of covert investigative activities in criminal proceedings	DOI 10.14505/jarle.v10.1(39).08	The article considers specific provisions related to the institute of covert investigative activities in the legislation of Kazakhstan. The authors of the article conducted a systematic analysis of the Kazakh legislation and law enforcement, which determines gaps and contradictions hindering the effective application of rules governing the use of covert investigative activities. In addition, the article discloses issues regarding the concept of covert investigative activities and its use in special legal literature. According to the study results, the current legislation of Kazakhstan regulating the procedure and grounds for conducting covert investigative activities requires some revision. The authors state that it is necessary to amend and supplement the Kazakh legislation, as well as increase the efficiency of law enforcement agencies conducting covert investigative activities in the course of crime investigation.	Bekishev, A.K., Kan, A.G., Ibrayeva, A., Dyussebaliyeva, S.S., Ibrayev, N. Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 10(1), - p.58-65 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85079707515&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Specifics+of+covert+investigative+activities+in+criminal+proceedings&sid=1a8b790bf24562d66d011b53f305c868&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=83&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Specifics+of+covert+investigative+activities+in+criminal+proceedings%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=
24.	Legal culture of public servants: The comparative legal analysis of the formation practices of various countries	DOI: 10.14505/jarle.v10.7(45).02	The legal culture of public servants is determined by the fact that the legislation implements a mechanism for the formation of a moral component, which allows to limit the use of punitive measures and at the same time ensure compliance with the law in the framework of public administration processes. The relevance of the study is determined by the fact that a public servant, in addition to	Alimbekova, M.A., Ibrayeva, A.S., Ichshanova, G.T., Useinova, K.R., Ibrayev, N.S. Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 10(7), - p.1956-1967 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85088404968&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Legal+culture+of+public+servan

			<p>following state standards for dealing with citizens, must also follow the general social culture of observing the rule of law. The novelty of the study is determined by the fact that as the main component in the formation of the legal culture of public servants, it is necessary to consider the implementation of law and the corresponding moral standard directly in the legislation and, based on this position, implement practical activities both within the framework of the public administration system and within the framework of public interaction. The authors investigate the theoretical aspects of the implementation of this provision in the legislation of the countries of the Euroregion, Kazakhstan and the United States. The article shows that the main impact on the legal culture of public servants here is exerted by norms that are implicit in the legislation. The practical significance of the study is determined by the fact that the theoretical model under study will make it possible to adopt basic regulations on the basis of the principles of sustainability of the society functioning and to adopt the concept of development of the rule of law.</p>	<p>ts%3a+The+comparative+legal+analysis+of+the+formation+practices+of+various+countries&sid=d76dcede445df7f2e0025b3ef2d9b94f&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=127&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Legal+culture+of+public+servants%3a+The+comparative+legal+analysis+of+the+formation+practices+of+various+countries%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>
25.	Bases and legal status of state symbols of Kazakhstan: Historical and legal discourse	DOI: 10.18254/s0002558-2-1	Article is devoted to the history of heraldry of Kazakhstan which roots run back deep into the time of the patrimonial tamg, the khan's seals, battle cries and combat banners consecrated with Kazakh common law. Using a broad range of illustrations (from rock painting to the present day state symbols) the authors analyze	Auanasova, A., Ayagan, B., Nurpeisov, E. Istoriya 10(1) https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85063786044&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Bases+and+legal+status+of+state+symbols+of+Kazakhstan%3a+Historical+and+l

			dynamics and unique features of symbols personifying the Kazakh and their land in various historical epochs. The special attention is paid to the analysis of a discourse concerning adoption of the state symbolics of modern Kazakhstan in the 1990s. The article shows the role of the Editorial group and the main architects of contemporary national symbols of the Kazakhstan Republic.	egal+discourse&sid=a39096c4f7abc6091d9b5c07cc540830&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=98&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Bases+and+legal+status+of+state+symbols+of+Kazakhstan%3a+Historical+and+legal+discourse%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=
26.	Religious freedom and human rights in Kazakhstan	DOI: 10.1093/slr/hmx024	Many post-Soviet governments are still unable to identify the attitude to religious freedom and religious activity. The human rights trend adjoins with a very suspicious attitude to the religious phenomena as a relic of the Soviet regime of the state–church relationships. Moreover, the professional communities and society as a whole were not appropriately prepared for the religious diversity or the new role of religion in public and private life. This article discusses why the government is very careful in the regulation of religious processes. The article also explains the reasons of inattention by Kazakhstani lawyers to human rights and religious issues and analyses the situation regarding religious freedom within frames of existing legislation in Kazakhstan.	Podoprigora, R., Apakhayev, N., Zhatkanbayeva, A., Kim, E.P., Sartayeva, K.R. Statute Law Review 40(2), - p.113-127 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85067245350&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Religious+freedom+and+human+rights+in+Kazakhstan&sid=8fdfceb654f2ce196cd14a3c0363ef24&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=63&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Religious+freedom+and+human+rights+in+Kazakhstan%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=2&searchTerm=
27.	The problems of effectiveness and implementation of the international legal norms of the states of the Eurasian economic union (EAEU)	DOI: -	The paper is devoted to the study of theoretical and practical problems of effectiveness and implementation of the international legal norms of the states of the EAEU. Based on the results of a scientific study of the legal nature of the Eurasian Economic Union and its norm-setting process, the authors obtained	Abikenov, A., Idrysheva, S.K., Zharbolova, A.Z., (...), Buribayev, Y.A., Khamzina, Z.A. Bulletin of the Georgian National Academy of Sciences 13(1), - p.175-181 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-

			<p>conclusions that allow us to determine options for improving the legal aspects of the activities of the EAEU. The proposals on improvement of the norms of the EAEU states have been developed in terms of their effectiveness and implementation. The significance of the study is that proposals and conclusions, formulated by its results, can be used in the practice of bodies and persons, authorized to be guided by international law, in preparation and conclusion of the international treaties, in law-enforcement activities.</p>	<p>85063986317&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=The+problems+of+effectiveness+and+implementation+of+the+international+legal+norms+of+the+states+of+the+Eurasian+economic+union&sid=41c2eb57be1d70276015e222c1777939&ot=b&sdt=b&sl=141&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28The+problems+of+effectiveness+and+implementation+of+the+international+legal+norms+of+the+states+of+the+Eurasian+economic+union%29&relpos=1&citeCnt=13&searchTerm=</p>
28.	Legal Issues for Ensuring Phytosanitary Safety and Environmental Protection	DOI: 10.14505//jemt.v11.3(43).05	<p>Phytosanitary safety is determined by the possibilities of ensuring food safety, which guarantees the sustainable development of the state and improvement of the quality of life. The specifics of ensuring regulation of phytosanitary safety are the principles of equilibrium regulation and the establishment of a holistic perception of safety parameters on the part of both regulatory bodies and regulatory agencies. The novelty of the study is determined by the fact that the formation of safety in the field of phytosanitary surveillance is determined not only by directly controlling the quality of plant raw materials, but also by the food products and materials that are subsequently produced from them. The authors have demonstrated aspects of the implementation of integrated surveillance, analysed the legal systems of various countries that can be sources of supervision and control in the field of phytosanitary safety. The article</p>	<p>Aygarynova G, Rasheva G. Journal of Environmental Management and Tourism. - 2020.-Volume XI, Issue 3(43), Summer. p.538-549 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85087465846&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Legal+Issues+for+Ensuring+Phytosanitary+Safety+and+Environmental+Protection&id=ee96b562bce21373a8b9e77aa10f74fa&ot=b&sdt=b&sl=90&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Legal+Issues+for+Ensuring+Phytosanitary+Safety+and+Environmental+Protection%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>

			shows the possibility of expanding the standardisation programs of food raw materials and finished products for phytosanitary facilities. The practical significance of the study is determined by the fact that ensuring phytosanitary safety on a global scale will reduce the need for food supply of individual countries and increase the depth of processing of current food technologies. Ultimately, this will affect the possibility of intensifying social development programs of individual countries and regions.	
29.	Improving Environmental Legislation in Central Asia: Current Trends and Features of Cooperation with the European Union	DOI: -	The article describes the results of a study of environmental problems that intensely limit socioeconomic development in Central Asia. The authors analyse the current environmental problems as follows. The loss of biodiversity and the complexity of the network of protected natural areas. Insufficient level of municipal solid waste processing, energy efficiency problems, in particular, the deterioration of the energy system. There are as well the imbalance between hydropower, irrigated agriculture and the environment, problems of the Aral Sea. The article proposes solution methods, including amendments to the legislation, i.e. the adoption of managerial decisions, as well as strengthening judicial control over compliance with the law. Gaps in the legislative regulation of environmental safety are examined. Along with policies at the national, regional and international levels. As well as future trends in the distribution of	Yerezhepkyzy R. European Energy and Environmental Law Review Volume 29, Issue 2 (2020) pp. 39 – 48 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85086820432&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Improving+Environmental+Legislation+in+Central+Asia%3a+Current+Trends+and+Features+of+Cooperation+with+the+European+Union&sid=3237a7770adb226f04cf4fdf287464b2&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=134&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Improving+Environmental+Legislation+in+Central+Asia%3a+Current+Trends+and+Features+of+Cooperation+with+the+European+Union%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=

			global resources that will be effective in protecting the environment, including the activities of The Regional Environmental Centre for Central Asia (hereinafter – CAREC). The article analyses the basic environmental rights of citizens as well as cases and consequences of violation of such rights.	
30.	Female Involvement in the Criminal Justice System and Risk of Violent Victimization: an Examination of Gang Involvement	DOI: 10.1007/s12103-020-09526-4	Research on gang membership is widespread and, as a result, findings from such studies have produced a significant amount of information about gangs and gang members. Historically, most of the gang research has focused on male gang members, but during the past couple of decades a considerable emphasis has been placed on understanding female gang members. At the same time, knowledge on female gang members still lags behind that of male gang members. Against that backdrop, the current study sought to add to the existing literature on female gang members by analyzing the association between female gang membership and contact with the criminal justice system, involvement in acts of violent crime and delinquency, and experiences with being victimized. To do so, female respondents from the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent to Adult Health (Add Health) were analyzed. The results of the analyses revealed that 17.2% of females had been part of a gang during their lifetime. Moreover, gang membership was associated with greater involvement in violent	Dzhansarayeva R., Timchenko K. Duzbayeva S. Kevin M. Beaver American Journal of Criminal 45(6), - p.1040-1059 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85083771933&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Female+Involvement+in+the+Criminal+Justice+System+and+Risk+of+Violent+Victimization%3a+an+Examination+of+Gang+Involvement&sid=da7d5e2136cbbae2146a09b49199edfd&sort=b&sdt=b&sl=134&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Female+Involvement+in+the+Criminal+Justice+System+and+Risk+of+Violent+Victimization%3a+an+Examination+of+Gang+Involvement%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=

			<p>crime and delinquency and it was also associated with a greater number of victimization experiences. Gang membership also was associated with an increased risk of being arrested and incarcerated, though these associations were no longer significant after accounting for a number of key control variables.</p>	
31.	<p>“Examining the association between Stuttering and Psychopathic Personality traits, Nonviolent Crime and Violent Crime</p>	<p>DOI: 10.1080/10926771.2020.1806975</p>	<p>A body of research has examined the consequences associated with stuttering and stammering and the results of these studies have identified a host of maladaptive outcomes that are relatively common for stutters. To date, however, there has not been research examining the potential association between stuttering and antisocial phenotypes. The current study addressed this gap in the literature by examining the connection between stuttering and psychopathic personality traits, involvement in acts of nonviolent crime, and involvement in acts of violent crime. Analyses of data drawn from the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent to Adult Health (Add Health) revealed consistent, albeit relatively small, significant associations between stuttering and the measures of antisocial phenotypes. These significant associations were detected for both males and females. The limitations of the study are discussed and future directions for research are offered.</p>	<p>Dzhansarayeva R. Malikova Sh. Aratuly K. Bazilova A. Kevin M. Beaver Journal of Aggression, Maltreatment and Trauma. 2021, 30(2), pp. 193–206 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85091727761&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Examining+the+association+between+Stuttering+and+Psychopathic+Personality+traits%2cNonviolent&sid=7d1d31be396bcf1df01a10e3ebf3d2f5&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=107&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Examining+the+association+between+Stuttering+and+Psychopathic+Personality+traits%2c+Nonviolent%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>

32.	Exploring the potential association between gang membership and health outcomes in a longitudinal sample of youth and young adults.	DOI: 10.1016/j.jcrimjus.2019.101629	Health criminology is an emerging line of inquiry that has focused on the association between crime/criminality and health outcomes. The current study sought to add to this literature by examining the potential connection between gang membership and health problems and brain-based disorders. Methods: Data from the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent to Adult Health (Add Health) were analyzed. Results: The results revealed that gang membership was associated with only two (cancer and high blood pressure) of the potential 12 health problems and brain-based disorders. Additional analyses indicated that gang membership was related to a combined measure of health problems, but not to a combined measure of brain-based disorders or to a cumulative measure of health problems. Supplemental analysis also revealed that gang membership was associated with an increased odds of being shot or stabbed. Conclusions: Gang membership does not appear to have sweeping negative effects on general health and brain-based disorders through young adulthood. We conclude by discussing the limitations of the study and directions for future research.	Dzhansarayeva R., Malikova Sh., Atakhanaova G., Bisenova M., Kevin M.Beaver Journal of Criminal Justice.2020, 66,101629 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85071877288&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Exploring+the+potential+association+between+gang+membership+and+health+outcomes+in+a+longitudinal+sample+of+youth+and+young+adults.&sid=48e6c8902cf87a73263f689c20e1e786&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=146&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Exploring+the+potential+association+between+gang+membership+and+health+outcomes+in+a+longitudinal+sample+of+youth+and+young+adults.%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=1&searchTerm=
33.	Does Self-control Predict Crime, Delinquency, and Victimization in Immigrants? A Longitudinal Analysis	DOI: 10.1177/0886260520976215	Gottfredson and Hirschi's theory of low self-control has generated a considerable amount of research and the results of these studies have shown that low levels of self-control are consistently associated with involvement in antisocial outcomes. Despite the empirical	Kundakova, M., Rima, D., Atakhanova, G., Temirbolat, N., Beaver, K.M. Journal of Interpersonal Violence https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85097292030&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Does+Self-

			<p>support for this theory, there still remain areas of it that need to be more fully evaluated. Once such area is whether self-control is associated with antisocial outcomes in samples of immigrants. The current study sought to address this gap in the literature. To do so, data drawn from the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent to Adult Health (Add Health) were analyzed. The results of the statistical models revealed that low levels of self-control were associated with increases in self-reported delinquency, being arrested, being convicted of a crime, being sentenced to probation, being incarcerated, and being victimized. Taken together, the results of this study show that self-control is a robust predictor of antisocial outcomes among immigrants. We conclude by identifying limitations of the current study and directions for future research.</p>	<p>control+Predict+Crime%2c+Delinquency%2c+and+Victimization+in+Immigrants&sid=776c520ce5a04393437a80867a7aef41&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=92&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Does+Self-control+Predict+Crime%2c+Delinquency%2c+and+Victimization+in+Immigrants%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>
34.	Immigration and Victimization in Adolescence and Adulthood: Findings from a Nationally Representative Sample	DOI: 10.1080/15564886.2020.1835765	<p>There has been a considerable amount of research examining the potential connection between immigration and the risk for victimization. The results generated from this body of research have produced somewhat mixed results, with some research showing an association and other research failing to detect an association. The current study sought to add to this existing knowledge base by examining the potential association between being an immigrant and being victimized during adolescence and adulthood. To do so, the authors analyzed data drawn from the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent to Adult</p>	<p>Mammadov, R., Rima, D., Sharipova, A., Bissenova, M., Beaver, K.M. Victims and Offenders https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85094161912&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Immigration+and+Victimization+in+Adolescence+and+Adulthood%3a+Findings+from+a+Nationally+Representative+Sample&sid=e9c8e553495f2a69d67cbb6f65608a70&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=123&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Immigration+and+Victimization+in+Adolescence+and+Adulthood%3a+Findings+fr</p>

			<p>Health. Analyses of these data revealed that being an immigrant was unrelated to 11 measures of victimization, including repeat victimization, drawn from four waves of data. There were no results indicating that immigration and victimization were associated. We conclude by discussing the limitations of the study and avenues for additional research addressing the association between immigration and victimization.</p>	<p>om+a+Nationally+Representative+Sample%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>
<p>35.</p>	<p>Examining the nexus between involvement in crime and delinquency and being processed through the criminal justice system</p>	<p>DOI: 10.1080/0735648X.2021.1890185</p>	<p>The criminal justice system is designed to detect, apprehend, punish, and rehabilitate criminal offenders. Precisely how effective the criminal justice system is at achieving these goals is not entirely known. The current study sought to add to this gap in the knowledge base by examining the connection between self-reported crime and delinquency and the probability of being arrested, convicted, sentenced to probation, and incarcerated. To do so, male and female respondents drawn from the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent to Adult Health (Add Health) were analyzed. The results revealed that respondents who were relatively more involved in acts of nonviolent crime and delinquency, as well as violent crime and delinquency, were significantly more likely to be processed through the criminal justice than were those who were less involved in such behaviors. These findings indicate that being processed through the criminal justice</p>	<p>Turgumbayev, Y., Adlet, Y., Sabitova, A., Izbassova, A., Beaver, K.M. Journal of Crime and Justice, 2021 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85101615011&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Examining+the+nexus+between+involvement+in+crime+and+delinquency+and+being+processed+through+the+criminal+justice+system&sid=2b8e2ee56b23e2cb6bfc2f52feb3f2ad&st=b&sdt=b&sl=135&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Examining+the+nexus+between+involvement+in+crime+and+delinquency+and+being+processed+through+the+criminal+justice+system%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>

			system is a function of criminal involvement. We conclude by calling for additional research to determine whether the effectiveness of the criminal justice system could be improved.	
36.	International and interstate aspects of ensuring the rights of the suspect and the accused in the proceedings of forensic investigation	DOI: 10.1504/ijesdf.2021.113386	The purpose of this research is a comprehensive study of the international legal regulation of the rights of the suspect and the accused in the proceedings of forensic investigation as well as the national legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan on the example of foreign norms. The scientific and research papers of foreign, local and Russian scientists, as well as various international treaties, regional agreements and national legislation of foreign states, were considered. The analysis of the current criminal procedural legislation regulating the forensic examination showed that it has not been adequately brought into conformity with recognised international human rights norms based on the priority of protecting the rights and interests of the individual as well as with the fundamental provisions enshrined in the constitution.	Aizhan Aryn, Sagyngaliy Aidarbayev. Sharipova A.B. Zhanibekov A. Aina Otarbayeva. Int. J. Electronic Security and Digital Forensics, Vol. 13, No. 2, 2021. P. 155-179 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85102033255&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=International+and+interstate+aspects+of+ensuring+the+rights+of+the+suspect+and+the+accused+in+the+proceedings+of+for+ensic+investigation&sid=a38d6c40863312134278793899304abe&ot=b&sdt=b&sl=150&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28International+and+interstate+aspects+of+ensuring+the+rights+of+the+suspect+and+the+accused+in+the+proceedings+of+forensic+investigation%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=
37.	Barymta - As an Institution of the Legal System	DOI: 10.1051/e3sconf/202015905005	The article is devoted to the study of the Barymta Institute and determining its place in the customary legal system of the Kazakhs. The article shows the main stages of the emergence, development, and liquidation of Barymta; reveals the essence and content of the Barymta Institute, identifies and analyzes the main forms of Barymta manifestation. The ultimate goal of the legal reform carried out in Kazakhstan is the formation of the national legal system of the KAZakhstan. In many ways, its success depends on how much the legal heritage of the Kazakh people will be used. Traditional Kazakh society did not know written law. That is why legal regulations were of great social, regulatory and managerial importance. Without studying the customary law of the Kazakhs, developing specific, reasoned views on its nature, as many prominent scientists emphasize, it is	Useinova K. Taktymbayev A. Isahbekov A. Sartayev S. E3S Web of Conferences 159, 05005, 2020 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-855084083414&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Barymta+As+an+Institution+of+the+Legal+System&sid=66b12a67895d2e66b3rd620dc30d42fd&ot=b&sdt=b&sl=62&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Barymta+As+an+Institution+of+the+Legal+System%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=

			impossible to comprehensively study the history of the people of the traditional period, especially since many issues remain completely unexplained.	+As+an+Institution+of+the+Legal+System%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=
38.	Forming an anti-corruption culture of law enforcement agencies: National and international experience	DOI: 10.14505/jarle.v11.2(48).30	This article is concerned with the specific formation of an anti-corruption culture in the law enforcement system of the Republic of Kazakhstan. To this date, the country has formed a large base of legal acts regulating the fight against corruption but their effectiveness raises questions. In this context, it is necessary to use preventive measures both in society as a whole and in the field of public administration, including law enforcement agencies. One such measure is the formation of an anti-corruption culture. This study aims at analyzing global directions and approaches to the formation of an anti-corruption culture among law enforcement employees. The authors of the article consider the world experience of an anti-corruption struggle and the most efficient models of forming an anti-corruption culture in the sphere of law enforcement. The authors have proved that the anti-corruption culture of law enforcement agencies differs from that of other society members and revealed its specific features. The necessary condition for their effective neutralization is not only legal education but also the promotion of moral and ethical standards. According to the authors, this goal can be achieved through anti-corruption education that fosters a culture of involvement and consciousness, a clear rejection of corruption and the popularization of anti-corruption standards. In the course of	Sitnikov, P.V., Ibrayeva, A.S., Aldabergenov, A.T., Baikenzheyev, A.S., Ibrayev, N.S. Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 11(2), - p.598-604 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85087608491&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Forming+an+anti-corruption+culture+of+law+enforcement+agencies%3a+National+and+international+experience&sid=bd6c7da59e20fadbce71b1673342802a&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=116&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Forming+an+anti-corruption+culture+of+law+enforcement+agencies%3a+National+and+international+experience%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=

			the study, they highlight the main components of an anti-corruption culture among law enforcement employees and conclude on the further efforts scholars and lawmakers should make to develop a common worldview, scientific and legal concept of the fight against corruption.	
39.	Surrogacy: An international comparative analysis of the fundamental legislative principles of Ukraine	DOI: 10.1177/0025802419884417	In contemporary societies, the use of assisted reproductive technologies has become increasingly widespread, justifying the need for proper legal regulation of the relevant relationships. The purposes of the article are to analyse the nature the content of the phenomenon of surrogacy, to assess the current legislation of Ukraine in this area and to produce a comparative analysis with the legislation of other states. The aim is to formulate recommendations and outline prospects for further development of national legal regulation of surrogacy relationships. Within the framework of this research, the regulatory matrix and individual regulation of surrogacy were subjected to a comparative analysis within the context of ensuring the rights and freedoms of those citizens implementing surrogacy. This assisted in revealing medical and social dimensions of the legal relations of surrogacy, determining their purpose, considering the specifics of concluding a surrogacy agreement and reviewing the legal status of subjects.	Sylkina, S.M., Mynbatyrova, N.K., Umbetbayeva, Z.B., Shulanbekova, G.K., Baitukayeva, D.U. Medicine, Science and the Law 60(1), - p.37-44 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85075059416&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Surrogacy%3a+An+international+comparative+analysis+of+the+fundamental+legislative+principles+of+Ukraine&sid=3e6bfc84c1448d811434b8c6b87d93a6&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=116&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Surrogacy%3a+An+international+comparative+analysis+of+the+fundamental+legislative+principles+of+Ukraine%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=
40.	Constitutional Rights Of The President In	DOI: -	The research paper presents the results (fruits) of internal stability and foreign policy	Galymzhan, B., Kanatbek, A., Akylbek, I., (...), Zhannat, T., Indira, B.

	<p>Determining The Economic Development Strategy For The Period Of His Office (Based On The Experience Of Central Asian Countries)</p>		<p>diplomatic position of Kazakhstan in the shortest possible time (29 years) of Kazakhstan's independence, consolidation of its economy, promotion to a leading position among the Central Asian countries, recognition as a legal state in the world, as well as internal stability and foreign policy diplomacy. At the end of the twentieth century, a young state that stands out from the Soviet government will be conducted legal statistical studies of factors that indicate that in 1991-2020, the status of leadership of world historical events and political events (international agreements) and the establishment of justice and purity as a result of legal reforms in the territory of the Republic. The research work will reflect the mechanisms of phased implementation of ideas in the development strategy “Kazakhstan-2050”.</p>	<p>Journal of Legal, Ethical and Regulatory Issues 23(6), - p.1-12 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85098704547&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Constitutional+Rights+Of+The+President+In+Determining+The+Economic+Development&sid=52eedc5a638debf725ae4e15189b6971&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=93&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Constitutional+Rights+Of+The+President+In+Determining+The+Economic+Development%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>
<p>41.</p>	<p>Problems of Providing Publick Services: Comperative Legal Analysis</p>	<p>DOI: 10.1051/e3sconf/202015905006</p>	<p>The relevance of this article is due to several factors. These include: acceleration of digital modernization processes in Kazakhstan under the influence of global informatization leads to the transition to electronic document management; improving the efficiency of the Kazakh government through the introduction of information technology; the need to develop a state policy in the field of the application of new technologies in all spheres of life (NAO State Corporation Government for Citizens); the need to accelerate the economic and political</p>	<p>Useinova G, Saidumov D.Kusainov D.Tauekelov N.Saidumov M E3S Web of Conferences, 159,05006 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85084036906&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Problems+of+Providing+Publick+Services%3a+Comperative+Legal+Analysis&sid=ebe97d1643d740b1940f5751e672cd3f&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=81&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Problems+of+Providing+Publick+Services%3a+Comperative+Legal+Analysis%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>

			<p>modernization of Kazakhstani society through the widespread use of information technology, as well as theoretical and practical interest in exploring the potential benefits of e-government and electronic document management. The essence of the new stage of the administrative reform in Kazakhstan is reduced to a short formula - from administration to management. Demanding the efficiency and quality of the provision of public services should become the central point of government service policy.</p>	
42.	Modern features of law institutions of the European Union	DOI: 10.3280/RISS2020-001026	<p>The role of the European Union is to understand its legal nature through the structural composition and distribution of powers between the EU institutions, as well as to study the forms and methods of their activities. It is important not only from the standpoint of the participating States, but also in the interests of countries that are not part of the European Union and build their relations with it on the basis of bilateral agreements. The aim of the article is to analyze the modern features of law institutions of the European Union. Legal analysis of such institutions of the European Union as the European Parliament, the European Commission and the EU Court is becoming important condition for the development of international cooperation. This article is devoted to the legal analysis of such institutions of the European Union as the European Parliament, the European</p>	<p>Tursynkulova, D.A., Urisbayeva, A.A., Karatayeva, A.M., Khudaiberdina, G.A., Akhmetov, Y.B. Rivista di Studi sulla Sostenibilita 2020(1), - p.441-458 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85091816640&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Modern+features+of+law+institutions+of+the+European+Union&sid=804d0d749aab2cb70ef5eb2809ba373d&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=72&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Modern+features+of+law+institution+of+the+European+Union%29&relpos=1&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>

			Commission and EU Court that participate in the implementation of its tasks and functions, act on its behalf, have the appropriate competence and structure, are endowed with founding treaties and legislation of the Union of certain amount of power and apply their inherent forms and methods of activity.	
43.	Legal problems of the paternity institution: Child's rights ensuring issues	DOI: 10.3280/RISS2020-001016	The aim of the article is to analyze the paternity as a component of the institution of the family, its modern transformations and the resulting challenges, including modern features of parenthood. The authors show that the modern understanding of paternity is determined by gender identity and social constructs that equalize the rights of all persons who act as guardians of the child. The authors determine that the problem of paternity involves not only civil issues, but also family and international law. The authors of the article clearly show that paternity can act not only as a voluntary, conscious act, but also as a mandatory legal norm. In particular, the authors note that it is possible to use the method of establishing paternity or delegating part of the authority to raise a child in the context of considering public law and its prevalence over family law. The practical significance of the study is determined by the fact that the importance of establishing the principles, as well as the legal conditions for implementing the functions of paternity, will form not only legal but also social forms and even economic parameters for	Mikhail A. Gussev*, Yessil S. Rakhmetov*, Aliya K. Berdibayeva*, Ainash Yessekeyeva* Rivista Di Studi Sulla Sostenibilita, (ISSN 2239-1959, ISSNe 2239-7221), 2020, 1. DOI: 10.3280/RISS2020-001016 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85091865636&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Legal+problems+of+the+paternity+institution%3a+Child%27s+rights+ensuring+issues&sid=4dad48ee874647d9c1c8f69c8081f2b&ot=b&sdt=b&sl=90&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Legal+problems+of+the+paternity+institution%3a+Child%27s+rights+ensuring+issues%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=

			citizens and address issues of ensuring human rights, including the rights of the child.	
44.	Some aspects of legal regulation in international law: Human rights protection issues	DOI: 10.3280/RISS2020-001028	The relevance of the topic of the article is confirmed by the tendencies and dynamics of the internal development of modern democratic states, the need for a comprehensive theoretical and legal study of the effectiveness of the practice of law in the mechanism of ensuring the constitutional rights of citizens. In the context of this, the aim of the article was to carry out a comprehensive comparative analysis of the legal regulation of practice of law in the territories of the Member States of the European Union and the Commonwealth of Independent States. The author's developments and conclusions resulting from scientific and legal research are summarised as follows: international and national law consolidates different approaches to the practice of law; the legal regulation of the process of entering into the profession of lawyer and the subsequent exercise of his lawyer's activity in the territory of the European Union has more detailed elaboration in the context of the realities of modern legal relations in comparison with Commonwealth of Independent States countries; a comparative analysis showed that a model of practice of law, regulated by the legislation of the French Republic, can be considered the most approximate to the idealistic.	Umbetov, M.N., Nurmaganbet, E., Bitemirov, K.T., Kalkashev, N.B., Yeslamgaliyev, Z.R. Rivista di Studi sulla Sostenibilita, 2020, 2020(1), стр.479–495 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85091855927&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Some+aspects+of+legal+regulation+in+international+law%3a+Human+rights+protection+issues&sid=ea0366953983d27d730d76229bfdd94b&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=100&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Some+aspects+of+legal+regulation+in+international+law%3a+Human+rights+protection+issues%29&relpos=6&citeCnt=1&searchTerm=

45.	Legal regulation of agricultural cooperation. New approaches and prospects for developing rural areas	DOI: 10.14505/jemt.11.7(47).19	Throughout the post-independence period, the development of agriculture and rural areas has been among the main priorities of Kazakhstan's economic policy. This study considers new approaches and prospects for the legal regulation of agricultural cooperation and the development of rural areas. The article analyzes the legal regulation of agricultural cooperation in the Republic of Kazakhstan and foreign countries. The authors have identified the main constraining factors to the development of agricultural cooperative societies, in particular, and rural areas, in general. They have also determined the key measures for developing agricultural cooperation and rural areas, as well as provided a detailed overview of such measures. The study results prove that the formation of a multi-level system of agricultural cooperative societies, functioning in collaboration with state (local) authorities, contributes to the development of rural areas.	Yerkinbayeva, L., Kalymbek B., Nurmukhankyzy, D., Zhusupbekova, M. Journal of Environmental Management and Tourism 2020, 11(7), стр. 1799–1805 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85097534580&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f
46.	The formation of land conservation principles as the framework for the implementation of the concept of sustainable development of society	DOI: 10.2478/jlecol-2020-0015	The interest in the experience of legislative solutions to problems connected with the design and development of legal institutions in environmental protection in foreign countries, at first glance, is not directly related to the study of the laws of functioning and development of this legal institution. The relevance of the study is determined by the fact that such an interest appears as rather justified and even logical, if one is to proceed, firstly, from general ideas about the development of	Yerkinbayeva, L., K. Aidarkhanova, G. Aigarinova Journal of Landscape Ecology (2020), Vol: 13 / No. 3. 10.2478/jlecol-2020-0015 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85098997372&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=The+formation+of+land+conservation+principles+as+the+framework+for+the+implementation+of+the+concept+of+sustainable+development+of+society&sid=5c3858f565ffba452fde273f8c1e285f&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=153&s=

			<p>land legislation in the context of globalisation, and secondly, if one is to consider the desire of countries to more widely implement global and European standards of environmental policies and rights and approaches to environmental protection in general. The purpose of this article is determined by the identification the main problems of land protection legislation in the field of and form on their basis the effective system of environmental regulation, combining administrative and legislative instruments with economic, regulatory and market mechanisms. Analysis of international legal acts is used as the leading research method. It was determined that the positive experience in foreign countries related to the legal regulation of relations in legal protection of the environment allows transferring the theoretical ideas about the legal structures existing in other countries to the practical plane, which, in turn, allow to optimally regulate the appropriate circle of public relations, taking into consideration the relevant historical traditions, the internal structure of national legislation, the features of the development of environmental legislation of the respective country. The concept of protecting land from pollution by hazardous substances and ways of improving and adapting legislation in the field of waste management were proposed. The practical significance of the study is determined by the</p>	<p>TITLE-ABS-KEY%28The+formation+of+land+conservation+principles+as+the+framework+for+the+implementation+of+the+concept+of+sustainable+development+of+society%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>
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			need to integrate the land legislation industry into national environmental legislation.	
47.	Examining the factors that lead to being arrested among criminal abstainers: An analysis of potential sources of bias in the American criminal justice system	DOI: 10.1016/j.ijlcj.2021.100504	To date, there has been no research examining the factors that might lead to being arrested for self-reported criminal abstainers—that is, persons who report that they have refrained from engaging in crime. The current study addressed this gap in the literature and examined whether certain factors were associated with being arrested among a sample of self-reported criminal abstainers. Results generated from binary logistic regression equations of data from the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent to Adult Health (Ns ranging from 404 to 3567) revealed that arrests were based, in part, on race, sex, and intelligence level. Specifically, African Americans, males, and abstainers who scored lower on intelligence tests were all significantly more likely to be arrested than were Caucasians, females, and abstainers who scored higher on intelligence tests. We conclude by discussing the practical and methodological implications of the study as well as directions for future research.	Yelnur, Y., Rima, D., Adlet, Y., Dauren, M., Beaver, K.M. International Journal of Law, Crime and Justice, 2021, 67, 100504 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85115817391&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Examining+the+factors+that+lead+to+being+arrested+among+criminal+abstainers%3a+An+analysis+of+potential+sources+of+bias+in+the+American+criminal+justice+system&sid=5c7567436c5e12d119c69d8dba947a6e&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=172&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Examining+the+factors+that+lead+to+being+arrested+among+criminal+abstainers%3a+An+analysis+of+potential+sources+of+bias+in+the+American+criminal+justice+system%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=
48.	Methods of ensuring the principle of adversary of the parties during the pre-trial stage of the criminal Process	DOI: 10.1504/IJESDF.2021.116023	The article is devoted to the methods of ensuring the principle of adversary of the parties during the pre-trial stage of the criminal process. To offer the most optimal method of ensuring adversary of the parties during the pre-trial stage for legislators of the Republic of Kazakhstan, legislative practice of France, Germany and the USA were studied. While	Apenov, S.M., Tusupova, A.Zh., Gileva, N.V., Baimakhanova, D.M., Makisheva, M.K. International Journal of Electronic Security and Digital Forensics 13(4), - p.359-372 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85109657105&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Methods+of+ensuring+the+princ

			<p>studying the criminal process of these countries the French model of the adversarial nature of criminal proceedings is recognised as not acceptable due to the conduct of preliminary investigation in this country by forensic investigators. In the Republic of Kazakhstan pre-judicial investigations are conducted by special bodies of inquiry and preliminary investigation. As a result of the research, the author gives preference to the US case law, which provides the right for a lawyer to not provide the evidence collected by him to the investigative authorities, in order to demonstrate them at the trial.</p>	<p>iple+of+adversary+of+the+parties+during+the+pre-trial+stage+of+the+criminal+Process&sid=1459cdd35dbc6fc28b230a232de1a946&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=127&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Methods+of+ensuring+the+principle+of+adversary+of+the+parties+during+the+pre-trial+stage+of+the+criminal+Process%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>
49.	<p>The right of veto: International experience, problems and prospects of application</p>	<p>DOI: 10.34044/j.kjss.2021.42.2.27</p>	<p>The relevance of the question of the use of the veto right is quite high both in constitutional and in international public law. The right of veto is an instrument for maintaining a balance of “checks and balances” both between branches of power within a single state and between participants in international organizations. The purpose of the research in the work is to examine the essence, historical and legal aspects of development, the current state, problems and prospects for the use of the veto right in both constitutional law and international public law. The main results that were achieved during the research were: determining the essence of the veto right, the historical aspects of the emergence and development of this right; the specific features of the use of the veto in international organizations. Prospects for further research:</p>	<p>Biskultanova, A.M., Zharbolova, A.Zh., Akhatov, U.A., Aueshova, B.T. Kasetsart Journal of Social Sciences 42(2), - p.391-396 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85106217255&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=The+right+of+veto%3a+International+experience%2cproblems+and+prospects+of+application&sid=bee352e1e0f48d962163fb3519b3500a&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=97&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28The+right+of+veto%3a+International+experience%2c+problems+and+prospects+of+application%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>

			the development of the study in terms of the possibilities for reforming the UN Security Council, taking into account the current realities, the use of the veto by the permanent members of the UN Security Council, the change in the number of permanent members of the UN Security Council.	
50.	The Effect of Digitalization on Environmental Safety	DOI: 10.14505/jemt.v12.5(53).15	The article considers a new, digital aspect of ensuring environmental safety. Information about the environment, natural resources, their protection and use, management processes in the sphere of interaction between society and nature, and public access to such information remain important factors in building a civilized environmental state policy. The development of innovative technologies leads to the advancement of rational use of natural resources and environmental protection. The ways of transmitting information, including environmental, to citizens are being improved and supplemented. The article reflects the issues of digitalization of environmental safety, as well as formulates recommendations for the further development of environmental safety in digital format.	Yerkinbayeva, L., Teleuov G., Kalymbek B., Nurmukhankyzy, D. Journal of Environmental Management and Tourism. – 2021. – T. 12. – №. 5. – C. 1299-1306. https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85114857602&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=The+Effect+of+Digitalization+on+Environmental+Safety&sid=dd6920bc1d606bb424616900f9fac8f7&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=67&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28The+Effect+of+Digitalization+on+Environmental+Safety%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=
51.	Implementing the Aarhus convention	DOI: -	The United Nations Economic Convention for Europe Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-Making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters (Aarhus Convention) is a peremptory international treaty that enshrines the procedural public rights to access environmental information, to make decisions	Yerezhepkyzy, R., Egorov, A., Sadvokassov, A., Shestak, V. European Energy and Environmental Law Review 30(4), c. 120-127 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85111292511&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Implementing+the+Aarhus+conv

			<p>regarding the environment, and to protect the right to a healthy environment. However, the Russian Federation is still not a party to this Convention. The analysis of the legislation of the Russian Federation in the context of its compliance with the Aarhus Convention is carried out to identify the reasons for not ratifying this agreement. The article aims to: 1) argue the need to ratify the Aarhus Convention by the Russian Federation; 2) develop an effective legal mechanism to ensure the implementation of its provisions. By applying the conceptual method, the provisions of the Aarhus Convention were analysed, its key requirements were studied, and the fundamental role of this treaty in the field of harmonizing relations 'human-environment' was determined. Through the combined application of conceptual and comparative methods, an analysis of the environmental legislation of the Russian Federation, the Republic of Kazakhstan, and the Republic of Belarus was carried out. Through the combined application of statistical and comparative methods, the effectiveness of environmental policy in the studied states in the context of the Aarhus Convention was identified and compared. As a result of the study, the need for the ratification of the Aarhus Convention by the Russian Federation was stated along with measures proposed for Convention implementation. In addition, attention was focused on the need for a com-</p>	<p>ention&sid=684d31a705ff5e2755a77a1ff0adb7fc&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=49&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Implementing+the+aarhus+convention%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>
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			prehensive approach to the implementation of the provisions of this Convention.	
52.	International crime as a threat to global socio-economic security	DOI: 10.1504/ijesdf.2021.113387	The authors identify the concepts of international and transnational crime, focusing on its innovative component - the absence of the need for contacts and decentralisation of the sources of the criminal community. In particular, virtual organised criminal communities are analysed. The novelty of the research lies not only in their historical analysis, but also in the formation of a mechanism to counter them on the basis of a structural and international legal approach. The already implemented countermeasures are analysed and the international legislative acts that constitute the mechanism of global cyber security are structured. The practical significance of the study is determined by the fact that the developed comprehensive analysis of the phenomenon can be applied to the strategies of the socio-economic development of the state in the section of possible risks and compensation for losses from their implementation.	Apenov, S.M., Jetibayev, N.S., Makisheva, M.K., Kuanalieva, G.A., Kussainov, S. International Journal of Electronic Security and Digital Forensics https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85102063902&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=International+crime+as+a+threat+to+global+socio-economic+security&sid=4332430cb13ba22d4b28c0c700ab41c8&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=80&s=TITL E-ABS-KEY%28International+crime+as+a+threat+to+global+socio-economic+security%29&relpos=1&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=
53.	Latinizing the alphabet in Kazakhstan rationale, legal foundation, and possible impact on the status of the Russian	DOI: 10.1163/22116117_01801010	Upon acquisition of independence in 1991, Kazakhstan was the only post-Soviet state where the titular nation did not have an overwhelming majority, the number of Kazakhs being fewer than the number of ethnic Russians. This explains to a certain extent why the Russian language, unlike other minority languages, has, to date, enjoyed a position of lingua franca in Kazakhstan and is used on	Riekkinen, M., Zhatkanbayeva, A., Kozhabek, K., Aigarinova, G. European Yearbook of Minority Issues https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85108296781&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Latinizing+the+alphabet+in+Kazakhstan+rationale%2c+legal+foundation%2c+and+possible+impact+on+the+status+of+the+R

			<p>equal grounds with Kazakh. Our contribution attempts to study the possible impact on the status of the Russian language of a 2017 project known as the 'trinity of languages'- Kazakh, Russian and English-which includes a reform to Latinize the Kazakh alphabet. It will consider the possible polarization in the society with the younger generation probably choosing English and the older generation preferring the language as they know it.</p>	<p>ussian&sid=8c0e8b9f93c6964366899128e805c461&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=130&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Latinizing+the+alphabet+in+Kazakhstan+rationale%2c+legal+foundation%2c+and+possible+impact+on+the+status+of+the+Russian%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>
54.	<p>The model of pension system in chile: Transformation in Kazakhstan</p>	<p>DOI: 10.34044/j.kjss.2021.42.1.18</p>	<p>In the mid-1990s, Kazakhstan faced the need to provide reform of the pension system. The basis was the Chilean cumulative pension system. According to the Chilean model, the burden of financial support for pensioners could be removed from the state. Considering that in the state there were 2.7 million pensioners out of a population of 17 million, the introduction of private liability for pensions significantly reduced budgetary government spending. After 20 years of functioning of cumulative pension system in Kazakhstan, it has been fundamentally transformed. From the original Chilean model, only the basic principles have remained: the obligatory participation in the system; accumulation of a pension in one cumulative pension fund. The National Bank of the Republic of Kazakhstan manages implementing investment management of pension assets of the pension fund; establishing requirements for diversification and risk reduction when placing pension</p>	<p>Abikenov A., Kalkayeva N., Taitorina B.A., Buribayev Y.A., Khamzina Z.A. «The model of pension system in chile: Transformation in Kazakhstan» Kasetsart Journal of Social Sciences Volume 42, Issue 1, Pages 117 – 122 January-March 2021 DOI 10.34044/j.kjss.2021.42.1.18 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85102532605&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=The+model+of+pension+system+in+chile%3a+Transformation+in+Kazakhstan&sid=2576ea7ed2b1009da542783a8c03665a&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=81&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28The+model+of+pension+system+in+chile%3a+Transformation+in+Kazakhstan%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>

			assets. In the article, the authors demonstrate that the original Chilean model has been modified to the national conditions of Kazakhstan taking into account the constitutional proclamation of each for a pension regardless of participation in cumulative system and under the influence of the best experience of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development states.	
55.	Involvement in Crime and Delinquency and the Development of Technological and Computer Skills: A Longitudinal Analysis	DOI: 10.1177/0306624X211049195	A body of research has revealed that involvement in crime and delinquency is associated with a wide number of social, economic, and health consequences. The current study built off this knowledge base and examined whether measures of adolescent violent delinquency and contact with the criminal justice system were related to the access of basic, and experience with, technology, and computers. To do so, longitudinal data drawn from the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent to Adult Health (Add Health) were analyzed. The results revealed that self-reported violent delinquency in adolescence was associated with a decreased probability of owning a computer and having an email account 10 to 12 years into the future. Additionally, measures of contact with the criminal justice system, low self-control, delinquent peers, and governmental public assistance were also associated with the probability of owning a computer and having an email account.	Rima, D., Atakhanova, S., Mukhamadieva, G., Adlet, Y., Beaver, K.M. «Involvement in Crime and Delinquency and the Development of Technological and Computer Skills: A Longitudinal Analysis» <i>International Journal of Offender Therapy and Comparative Criminology</i>. First Published October 6, 2021

56.	Problem aspects of mediation dispute resolution	DOI: 10.3280/RISS2020-001013	<p>Legal features of dispute resolution in the order of mediation are of particular in-terest in connection with the relatively new and unexamined, from a scientific point of view, phenomenon of modernity, arising from increasing processes of globalization and internationalization of legal systems, as well as scientific and technical progress. This article is devoted to the scientific study of the international legal regulation of such phenomena as mediation on the example of the analysis of the legislation of foreign countries, and law of the Republic of Kazakhstan. This article presents various points of view of international and Kazakh scientists on the subject of dispute resolution in the mediation procedure. It was concluded that the mediation has a number of advantages, which satisfies the need of a person, society and the state to solve conflicts quickly and efficiently with minimal losses.</p>	<p>Assanova S., Tynybekov S., Abikenov A., Aldashev S., Mukaldyeva G. «Problem aspects of mediation dispute resolution» Rivista di Studi sulla Sostenibilita Volume 2020, Issue 1, 2020, Pages 215-233 DOI 10.3280/RISS2020-001013 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85091878681&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Problem+aspects+of+mediation+dispute+resolution&sid=2960234f211c8615bda98911f74e0314&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=62&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Problem+aspects+of+mediation+dispute+resolution%29&relpos=4&citeCnt=1&searchTerm=</p>
57.	The impact of public-private partnership on labor mobility and employment promotion	DOI: 10.9770/jesi.2020.8.2(69)	<p>In conditions of a budget deficit, an urgent task facing the state is the development of new instruments that allow replacing budget investments in the creation and modernization of infrastructure with private investments and at the same time optimizing financial costs for these purposes. The priority direction of the investment policy of the regions and the country as a whole is the implementation of socially significant projects using public-private partnership mechanisms, the task of which is to maximize the potential of business</p>	<p>Nuranova R., Ryskulova M., Aidarkhanova K., Baigelova N. «The impact of public-private partnership on labor mobility and employment promotion» Entrepreneurship and Sustainability Issues. <i>Open access</i> Volume 8, Issue 2, Pages 1158 – 1176 December 2020. DOI 10.9770/jesi.2020.8.2(69) https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85097005318&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=The+impact+of+public-private+partnership+on+labor+mobility+and+employment+promotion&sid=6faa5d80bdf291054527</p>

			for the implementation of the tasks for which the state bears responsibility. The purpose of the study of this article is to analyze the indicators of public-private partnerships in relation to the development of labor mobility, which make it possible to judge the effectiveness of the state policy in the field of employment regulation. The current situation in the labor market is always in the focus of attention of the state, business and society as a whole, affecting both on the economic development of the country, social policy, competitiveness of enterprises, and on the well-being of the individual.	9cc376a7af7f&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=98&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28The+impact+of+public-private+partnership+on+labor+mobility+and+employment+promotion%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=
58.	Problems of legal regulations of relations in the sphere of the electronic document flow	DOI: 10.1504/IJESDF.2020.108301	Regulation of the electronic document flow stand as allied form of the legal structure. The document flow contains elements of the general law of regulation and reaffirms the necessity of following specific instructions. Its electronic form gives an opportunity for the information interchange between subjects of an economical and legal activity. This defines the possibility of formation of separate branch of legal regulation in the document flow. The possibility of the structuring and correlation of an informational and other branch of the law for the aim of complex usage of an electronic document flow is viewed as separate aspect. The innovation of the research is explained by the reason that the mechanism of the governmental legislation is fully investigated and approved Practical significance is explained, from which the definition of the	Kussainova A.K., Omarova A.B., Ospanova D.A., Kussainov D.O., Abilsheyeva R. «Problems of legal regulations of relations in the sphere of the electronic document flow» International Journal of Electronic Security and Digital Forensics Volume 12, Issue 3, 2020, Pages 302-322. DOI 10.1504/IJESDF.2020.108301 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85088373730&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Problems+of+legal+regulations+of+relations+in+the+sphere+of+the+electronic+document+flow&sid=a1ae0908bf21cad8a73f0101b3b7c62b&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=103&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Problems+of+legal+regulations+of+relations+in+the+sphere+of+the+electronic+document+flow%29&relpos=0&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=

			branch of legislative regulation allows to raise the structure and the regulation of the legislative system.	
59.	Some aspects of legal regulation in international law: Human rights protection issues	DOI 10.3280/RISS2020-001028	: The relevance of the topic of the article is confirmed by the tendencies and dynamics of the internal development of modern democratic states, the need for a comprehensive theoretical and legal study of the effectiveness of the practice of law in the mechanism of ensuring the constitutional rights of citizens. In the context of this, the aim of the article was to carry out a comprehensive comparative analysis of the legal regulation of practice of law in the territories of the Member States of the European Union and the Commonwealth of Independent States. The author's developments and conclusions resulting from scientific and legal research are summarised as follows: international and national law consolidates different approaches to the practice of law; the legal regulation of the process of entering into the profession of lawyer and the subsequent exercise of his lawyer's activity in the territory of the European Union has more detailed elaboration in the context of the realities of modern legal relations in comparison with Commonwealth of Independent States countries; a comparative analysis showed that a model of practice of law, regulated by the legislation of the French Republic, can be considered the most approximate to the idealistic.	Umbetov M.N., Nurmaganbet E., Bitemirov K.T., Kalkashev N.B., Yeslamgaliyev Z.R. «Some aspects of legal regulation in international law: Human rights protection issues» Rivista di Studi sulla Sostenibilita Volume 2020, Issue 1, 2020, Pages 479-495. DOI 10.3280/RISS2020-001028 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85091855927&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Some+aspects+of+legal+regulation+in+international+law%3a+Human+rights+protection+issues&sid=dc2600c125c54495faaee12d942add38&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=100&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Some+aspects+of+legal+regulation+in+international+law%3a+Human+rights+protection+issues%29&relpos=6&citeCnt=1&searchTerm=

60.	Modern features of law institutions of the European Union	DOI: 10.3280/RISS2020-001026	<p>The role of the European Union is to understand its legal nature through the structural composition and distribution of powers between the EU institutions, as well as to study the forms and methods of their activities. It is important not only from the standpoint of the participating States, but also in the interests of countries that are not part of the European Union and build their relations with it on the basis of bilateral agreements. The aim of the article is to analyze the modern features of law institutions of the European Union. Legal analysis of such institutions of the European Union as the European Parliament, the European Commission and the EU Court is becoming important condition for the development of international cooperation. This article is devoted to the legal analysis of such institutions of the European Union as the European Parliament, the European Commission and EU Court that participate in the implementation of its tasks and functions, act on its behalf, have the appropriate competence and structure, are endowed with found-ing treaties and legislation of the Union of certain amount of power and apply their inherent forms and methods of activity.</p>	<p>Tursynkulova D.A., Urisbayeva A.A., Karatayeva A.M., Khudaiberdina G.A., Akhmetov Y.B. «Modern features of law institutions of the European Union» Rivista di Studi sulla Sostenibilita Volume 2020, Issue 1, 2020, Pages 441-458. DOI 10.3280/RISS2020-001026 https://www.scopus.com/record/display.uri?eid=2-s2.0-85091816640&origin=resultslist&sort=plf-f&src=s&st1=Modern+features+of+law+institutions+of+the+European+Union&sid=96dfc192f2a67124607f327b3105eec6&sot=b&sdt=b&sl=72&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28Modern+features+of+law+institutions+of+the+European+Union%29&relpos=1&citeCnt=0&searchTerm=</p>
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